

next generation led

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# Wired LED Tube IP66





## **Properties**

- Lifespan L70 %: > 50.000hr
- Immediate start regardless of temperature or humidity
- No maintenance costs
- Efficacy: 120 lumen per watt
- SMD 2835
- PC body and cover
- Built in driver
- Flickerfree and isolated driver
- Input cable = 0.5m
- Will not break when dropped
- No mercury or toxic gases
- Warranty: 5 year

IP 66

Quality driver

# **Specifications**

Wired LED Tube	850m	m 1150mm	1450mm	
Input voltage		AC 165 ~ 265 V		
Number of LED's	120	156	234	
Power	15W	20W	24W	
Color rendering index	RA > 80, optional RA > 90			
Color temperature	3000K, 4000K, 5000K			
Cover	Clear, striped, frosted cover			
Diameter	32mm			
Powerfactor	> 0.8			

# **Application**

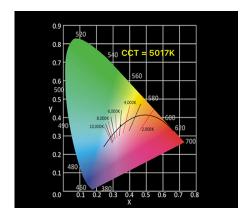
Office, hospital, hotel, supermarket, library, parking, corridors ...

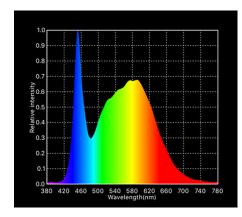




CIE 1931

The CIE color space, developed in 1931, is still used to define colors, and as a reference for other color spaces. The figure is a two-dimensional display of colors of the same intensity (brightness), which is based on observations of color measurements by people.



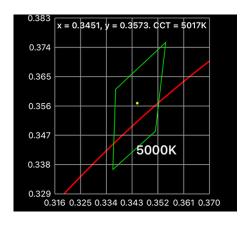


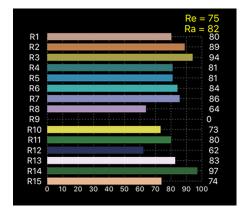
### **SPECTRUM**

Isaac Newton used the Latin word spectrum to define the color series which arose when he dropped a bundle of sunlight through a glass prism. The color spectrum consists of the colors of the rainbow with the color sequence red-orange-yellow-green-blue-indigo-violet, which corresponds to bearish wave length (increasing frequency) of the light waves.

C78 377

ANSI C 78.377 is now the standard for color quality, as determined by the American National Standards Institute. ANSI recommends lamp manufacturers to stay within a 4-step ellipse. This means that manufacturers with a particular focus on the CIE diagram have a broad range of observable differences.





## **CRI HISTOGRAM**

The color reproduction of a light source indicates whether the color of an object can be displayed true to nature. The graph shows whether we can accurately determine color, depending on the color rendering properties of the light source.

Ra = average of R1 to R8

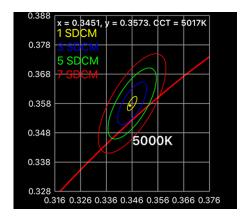
Re = average of R1 to R15

R9 = saturated red. Should be as high as possible.

**SDCM** 

SDCM is an acronym which stands for Standard Deviation Colour Matching. SDCM has the same meaning as a "MacAdam ellipse". A 1-step MacAdam ellipse defines a zone in the CIE 1931 2 deg (xy) colour space within which the human eye cannot discern colour difference. Most LEDs are binned at the 4-7 step level, in other words you certainly can see colour differences in LEDs that are ostensibly the same colour.

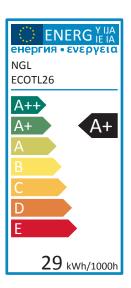
<u>SDCM</u>	<u>CCT@ 3000K</u>	$\Delta UV$
1x	±30K	±0.0007
2x	±60K	±0.0010
4x	±100K	±0.0020
7-8x	±175K	±0.0060

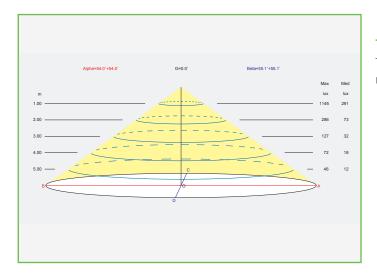




#### **ENERGYLABEL**

Electrical appliances carry an energy label. This label prints the so-called energy efficiency score in classes. These classes range from 'very energy efficient' (A++) to 'very waste of energy' (E). A more expensive new device may eventually turn out to be cheaper if the energy score is good. IPEA is the new system for luminaire energy efficiency assessment.



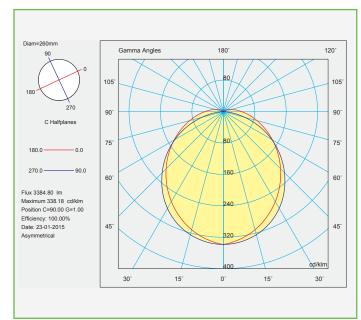


#### **BEAM**

The Illuminance Cone Diagram indicates the maximum illuminance at different distances from the fixture.

#### **POLAR DIAGRAM**

The polar luminous intensity graph illustrates the distribution of luminous intensity, in candelas, for the transverse (solid line) and axial (dashed line) planes of the luminaire. The shown curve provides a visual guide to the type of distribution expected from the luminaire e.g. wide, narrow, direct, indirect... in addition to intensity.





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REFERENCE	WATT	LENGTH	LUMEN	COLOR	CRI
281-0030	24W	1450mm	2800lm	3000K	80
281-0031	24W	1450mm	2800lm	4000K	80
281-0032	24W	1450mm	2800lm	5000K	80

